Review KEY

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|  | **A** | **B** | **C** | **D** | **E** |
| **1** | Nation-State | Danube River | A city that acts as an independent country | Keeps Europe milder than it otherwise would be. | Provides good farmland but makes Europe vulnerable to attacks |
| **2** | Ural Moutains | A country | democracy | Its location between Asia and Europe created cultural convergence. | Farther away from the moderating effects of the ocean. |
| **3** | A cold, dry wind from the North; Found in Southern France | Western Europeans enjoy much more vacation time. | A state is a political unit (country) and a nation is a group who share a common heritage. | The British Empire spanned the globe so the sun was always shining on some part of it. | Norway |
| **4** | Republic | Italy | Deposits of coal and iron ore helped Britain become the first nation to industrialize. | Hot steady wind that blows from Northern Africa into Europe; located in Mediterranean. | Euro |
| **5** | The process of a region breaking up into small, mutually hostile units. | Sweden and Norway | Eastern Europe | Its far northern latitudes make for very long summer days and short nights | Eastern Europe |
| **6** | Strait of Gibraltar | The British Pound was a strong currency. | Iberian Peninsula is blocked by the Pyrenees Mountains  | The Belief that people should be loyal to their nation. | A government ruled by a religious leader. |
| **7** | England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland | Mountains made travel difficult; isolated cities | Winter (we are both in Northern Hemisphere) | Discrimination against Jews | Ireland lacks energy resources and peat can be cut and used as fuel. |
| **8** | Berlin Wall | A nation dominated by another country | Spain and Portugal | The Netherlands | A country whose government has a single absolute ruler  |